ADOBE PHOTOSHOP EXAM

Name: _____   **Date: _____**

1. Photoshop is used for

A) Typing
B) Graphics
C) Programming
D) Animation

2. Photoshop is developed by

A) Jeff Bezos
B) Tim Berners-Lee
C) Rasmus Lerdorf
D) John Knoll

3. Adobe photoshop is an example of ....

A) Writing Software
B) Drawing Software
C) Both Writing & Drawing Software
D) None of the above

4. Adobe photoshop is free or paid?

A) Free
B) Paid

5. Photoshop is a image _____ application.

A) Editing
B) Downloading
C) Deleting
D) Sharing

6. What is file extension in photoshop?

A) Bmp
B) Tiff
C) Txt
D) Psd

7. Which of this software is using the gradient tool?

A) Painting
B) Page maker
C) Canva
D) Photoshop

8. Which colour mode is used for printing?

A) RGB
B) Gray Scale
C) Magenta
D) CMYK

9. When did Photoshop start?

A) 19 February 1991
B) 19 February 1989
C) 19 February 1992
D) 19 February 1990

10. What is the shortcut key to create a new file in Photoshop?

A) Shift+N
B) Ctrl+Shift+N
C) Ctrl+Shift+F
D) Ctrl + N

11. JPEG stands for?

A) Joint Picture Experts Group
B) Joint Photographic Enhance Group
C) Joint Photographic Experts Grant
D) Joint Photographic Experts Group

12. GIF stands for?

A) Graphics Interchange Format
B) Group Interchange Format
C) Graphics Intel Format
D) Graphics Interchange Frame

13. PNG stands for?

A) Portable Network Graphics
B) Picture Network Graphics
C) Portable Name Graphics
D) Portable Network Group

14. Crop Tool is used for

A) To cut the image
B) To select the image
C) To layer the image
D) To deselect the image

15. Flatten image option merge all the images and converted them as Background Layer

A) False
B) True

16. For printing purpose, we use CMYK color model.

A) False
B) True

17. In Photoshop Red=0 + Green=0 + Blue=0 --- the output is pure Black.

A) False
B) True

18. How many Colour Modes are there in Photoshop?

A) Five
B) Two
C) Three
D) Four

19. GIF does not support background transparency.

A) False
B) True

20. Which command selects a specified colour or colour subset within an existing selection or an entire image?

A) Colour Range
B) Gradient Pane

C) Palette
D) Bucket

21. Which of these palettes is not in Photoshop.

A) Layer
B) Navigator
C) Channel
D) Drawing

22. What is the shortcut key to Zoom Out

A) Ctrl + /
B) Ctrl + O
C) Ctrl + –
D) Ctrl + F

23. Which of the following options is in FILTER

A) Blur
B) Noise
C) Liquefy
D) All of these

24. Which of these tools is not a selection tool

A) Lasso Tool
B) Magic Wand Tool
C) Polygonal Lasso Tool
D) Pen Tool

25. Which of these options is not available in Photoshop?

A) Drawing Toolbar
B) Option Toolbar
C) Toolbox
D) Palette

26. Images or words added to paper as it is made, which can be seen only when the paper is held up to a strong light is _____?

A) movement
B) template
C) texture
D) watermark

27. Orange, green, violet are_____?

A) Primary colours
B) tertiary colours
C) arbitrary colour
D) Secondary colours

28. _____ is a colour scheme that uses only one hue (colour) and the values, tints, and shades of that hue, white, grays, and black.

A) Split Complement colour scheme
B) Complementary colour scheme
C) Triad colour scheme
D) Monochromatic colour scheme

29. _____ is a small box with a lens on one side with which early photographs were taken.

A) camera obscura
B) watermark

C) temperature
D) colour

30. _____the equalization of visual forces in a work of art.

A) balance
B) line
C) shape
D) value

31. _____is the spectrum bent into a wheel for the purpose of understanding colour and relationships between colours.
A) Colour wheel
B) colour
C) None
D) colour scheme

32. Orange, green, blue-green, blue violet, red violet, red-orange are _____?
A) Primary colours
B) arbitrary colour
C) Secondary colours
D) tertiary colours

33. _____ is the use of logos and logotypes on products as well as on company advertising, stationery, and signs; erected on posts, anchored on buildings, or imprinted on company vehicles.

A) intensity
B) Gestalt
C) signage system
D) spectrum

34. _____ is spectral name or family of a colour Example: yellow-green, red-violet and violet.

A) value
B) shade
C) hue
D) line

35. _____is the element of art that refers to how things feel, or look as if they might feel if touched.

A) closure
B) temperature
C) texture
D) value

36. When artists try to reproduce colours as they see them, including the effects of atmosphere and reflection upon the colours, this is called the use of _____?
A) colour
B) Primary colours
C) space
D) optical colour

37. _____ is an ancient Greek ideal ratio that can be expressed in numbers as 0.618034:1
A. intensity
B. Golden Section
C. colour scheme
D. proportion

38. _____ is a false visual perception seeing something other than what is really there.

A. proportion
B. illusion
C. Graphic design
D. optical illusion

39. _____ is a pattern that shows pre-design graphics.
A. template
B. tonality
C. texture
D. temperature

40. _____is the process of organizing and composing words and images to create a message.
A. optical illusion
B. expression
C. illusion
D. Graphic design

41. _____ a technique in which a design is incised in a plate of metal, wood, or plastic. a print is then made from the plate.

A. harmony
B. engravings
C. insignia
D. branding

42. ____that indicates areas between, around, above, below, or within something.

A. space
B. hue
C. value
D. balance

43. _____ is the area of a picture or design that appears to be closest to the viewer.

A. proportion
B. foreground
C. form
D. background

44. _____is a closed 2-dimension area.

A. value
B. shape
C. space
D. shade

45. _____ refers to 2 dynamics in a work of art that parts of things within a work of art are the right size in relationship to another.
A. proportion
B. colour
C. composition
D. expression
46. _____ is a visual journey along with a page created by the careful placement of lines, shapes or forms, and colours.
A. visual path
B. template
C. Gestalt
D. space

47. ____ is a colour scheme that uses colours that sit side by side on the colour wheel and have a common hue.

A. colour scheme
B. Triad colour scheme
C. Monochromatic colour scheme
D. Analogous colour scheme

48. ____ is a basic element repeated to create a pattern.

A. shape
B. form
C. motif
D. hue

49. _____durable metal type invented by Johann Gutenberg, made from a combination of lead, tin, and antimony.

A. movable type
B. logotype
C. value
D. tonality

50. _____the characterization of colour as either warm or cool.

A. template
B. temperature
C. trademark
D. texture

51. Which of these colour models is not in Photoshop?

A) HSB
B) LAB
C) RGB
D) CNYK

52. Which is a limitation of JPEG files?

A) You can set the white balance Temp control to a Kelvin value
B) You can set the white balance Temp control to a range of -100 to 100
C) Only the camera ISO setting has been applied
D) Only the camera exposure has been applied

53. What is the shortcut key to create a duplicate layer of a layer?

A) Ctrl+N
B) Ctrl+T
C) Ctrl+D
D) Ctrl+J

54. Which menu contains the duplicate layer option in photoshop?

A) Filter
B) Image
C) Masking
D) Layer

55. Photoshop launched by which company?

A) Aldus
B) Microsoft
C) EULA
D) Adobe Systems

56. To get Desaturate option in Photoshop, we have to go to _____.

A) File Menu
B) Layer Menu
C) Tools Menu
D) Image>Adjustment

57. Is overlay a layer blending mode in photoshop?

A) Yes
B) No

58. To get auto contrast option in photoshop select ....
A) File Menu
B) Filter Menu
C) Image>Adjustment
D) Tools Menu

59. We can find variation option under filter menu in photoshop.

A) No
B) Yes

60. How many types of Gradients are there in Photoshop?

A) 6
B) 3
C) 2
D) 5

61. The _____ tool is best selected when you need to select an abnormally shaped image in a layer.

A) marquee
B) lasso
C) magic wand
D) clone stamp

62. To fill in a layer as a background, which of the following tools would be useful?
Choose all that apply. You must select all correct possibilities.

A) line
B) paint bucket
C) gradient
D) lasso

63. The tool allows you to copy one area of the layer to another area of the layer.

A) magic wand
B) clone stamp
C) marquee
D) gradient

64. When using the SAVE AS: feature, the _____ file type saves my graphic design with all layers visible for changes upon opening the next time.

A) .pdf
B) .gif
C)   psd
D) .jpeg

65. Drop shadow, inner glow and bevel are examples of _____ you need to use with text.

A) filters
B) blending options
C) image adjustments
D) layer modes

66. Luminosity, darken, exclusion and colour dodge are examples of _____ you may use to allow graphics to interact with background.

A) filters
B) blending options
C) image adjustments
D) layer modes

67. In Photoshop, _____ allows objects to work on an image object without teasing any other object.

A) Palette
B) Toolbox
C) Layers
D) None of these

68. To cut down the size of the entire graphic design, including all layers, you should select the _____ tool.

A) marquee
B) magic wand
C) eraser
D) crop

69. The typical size for a graphic design is measured in _____.

A) pica
B) pixels
C) points
D) inches

70. Which of the following is not a menu in Photoshop?

A) Image
B) Select
C) Filter
D) Tools

71. In Photoshop, which palette contains important information such as image size, the tool being used, etc.

A) Navigator Palette
B) Layer Palette
C) Info Palette
D) History Palette

72. Which of these tools is called painting tools?

A) Pencil Tool
B) Gradient Tool
C) Brush Tool
D) All of these

73. Which tool is used to light the pixels of the image in Photoshop?

A) Smudge
B) Sharpen
C) Burn
D) Dodge

74. What is called the change of the size of an image?

A) Selection
B) Transform
C) Modify
D) Contract

75. Which key is pressed while using the Clone tool?

A) Alt
B) Ctrl
C) Shift
D) Tab

76. With help of which tool the character is inserted in Photoshop?

A) Slice Tool
B) Type Tool
C) Pen Tool
D) Pencil Tool

77. Which tool is used to select any colour from the image in Photoshop?

A) Paint Bucket
B) Eyedropper
C) Zoom
D) Pen

78. Which tool is used to make selection in the round shape?

A) Ellipse Tool
B) Rectangle Tool
C) Circle Tool
D) Pen Tool

79. Which tool is used to remove any spot in the image?

A) Eraser Tool
B) Spot Brush Tool
C) Spot Healing Brush Tool
D) Gradient Tool

80. Which tool is used to fill single colour in background?

A) Gradient Tool
B) Paint Tool
C) Paint Bucket Tool
D) Background Tool

81. 81. Raster Image is also known as …………

A) Colour Image
B) Bitmap Image
C) Curve Image
D) Graphic Image

82. Examples of Vector Image are:

A) EPS
B) BMP
C) GIF
D) JPG

83. You must select which tool to give your text perspective against your background.

A) blending option & layer effect
B) blur tool & smudge tool
C) eye dropper
D) colour picker

84. To select a new colour in the foreground or background squares, use the tool.

A) colour picker, i-dropper &   eye dropper
B) colour picker, layer & eye dropper
C) blur , i-dropper & eye dropper
D) colour picker, i-dropper & bucket

85. Luminance means brightness of colour.

A) False
B) True

86. Computer monitor primary colour allows how many individual shades?

A) 256
B) 280
C) 160
D) 320

87. To fill a background layer with clouds, pull down the filter menu and go to render.

A) True
B) False

88. The average image size of 640 x 480 is measured in picas.

A) True
B) False

89. The name of the area upon which the graphic design is completed is _____.

A) Work Area
B) Box
C) Canvas
D) Frame

90. The name of the areas that include the colour swatches, layers and toolbox.

A) Palette
B) Layer
C) Gradient
D) Smudge

91. Which tool allows you to reposition an object in your layer.

A) Cut
B) Select
C) Erase
D) Move

92. To delete a layer from your image, turn off the "eye" icon showing the layer.

A) True
B) False

93. When deleting detailed areas of your image by hand, the tool is the best option.

A) Eraser
B) Blur
C) Smudge
D) Magic Wand

94. If you have a solid colour to select and delete, the tool is the quickest and most effective.

A) Eraser
B) Blur

C) Smudge
D) Magic Wand

95. To delete items from history, drag them into the trash can.

A) True
B) False

96. The tool allows you to cut text out of a scenic background for use in your design.

A) Text Layer
B) Font Face
C) Letter layer
D) Text mask

97. Once you build the layers in your graphic design, you cannot rearrange them.

A) True
B) False

98. The _____tool is best selected when you need to select an abnormally shaped image in a layer.
A) Crop
B) Lasso
C) Gradient
D) Marquee
99. Pixels represent tiny _____ of colour, which are typically unseen by the naked eye.

A) Squares
B) Circles
C) Dots
D) Triangles

100. To delete a series of steps that have been used in a graphic design, you would need to use the _____ palette.

A) Layer
B) Raster
C) Opacity
D) History

101. The tool that allows you to select a rectangular or circular area of an layer to change or delete.

A) Crop
B) Lasso
C) Gradient
D) Marquee